Code No: 155AR JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD B. Tech III Year I Semester Examinations, January/February - 2023 CONTROL SYSTEMS (Common to ECE, EIE)



Max. Marks: 75

R18

Note: i) Question paper consists of Part A, Part B.

ii) Part A is compulsory, which carries 25 marks. In Part A, Answer all questions.

iii) In Part B, Answer any one question from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks and may have a, b as sub questions.

PART – A

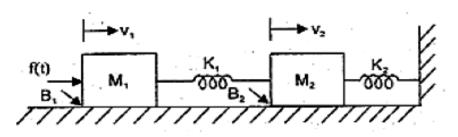
(25 Marks)

1.a)	What is the basic rule used for block diagram reduction technique?	[2]
b)	Write the force balance equation of an ideal mass, ideal dashpot and ide	eal spring
	element.	[3]
c)	List the time domain specifications.	[2]
d)	Define Centroid. How do you determine the centroid and angle of asymptot	es in root
	locus technique?	[3]
e)	What is Polar plot?	[2]
f)	Define Phase Margin, Gain Margin with reference to Bode plot.	[3]
g)	What is the function of P and I Controllers?	[2]
h)	Define the terms Steady State Accuracy and transient accuracy of the system.	[3]
i)	Define Controllability.	[2]
j)	State the properties of state transition matrix.	[3]
	PART – B (5	0 Marks)

2. Compare the Open loop and Closed loop Control Systems with examples in detail. [10]

OR

3. Determine the Force voltage and Force current analogy for given mechanical system.



4. The characteristic polynomial of a system is $s^7+9s^6+24s^5+24s^4+24s^3+24s^2+23s+15=0$. Determine the location of roots on s-plane and hence the stability of the system. [10]

OR

5. Sketch the root locus of the system whose open loop transfer function is G(s)=K/s(s+2)(s+4). Find the value of K so that the damping ratio of the closed loop system is 0.5. [10]

- 6. Sketch the polar plot for the following transfer function, Determine phase margin and gain margin. [10]
 - $\mathsf{G}(\mathsf{s}) = \frac{k}{s^2(1+s)(1+2s)}$ OR
- Sketch the Bode plot of the given system and determine the phase margin and gain margin of the system. [10]

G(s) =
$$\frac{20 (0.1s+1)}{s^2(0.2s+1)(0.02s+1)}$$

Explain the step by step procedure of Root-loci method of feedback controller design. 8.

[10]

- OR Discuss the Analog and Digital implementation of controllers. 9. [10]
- Consider a system with state model given below: 10.

$$\dot{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -1 & -5 & -1 \end{bmatrix} X + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -24 \end{bmatrix} u; \ y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} x + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \end{bmatrix} u$$

Verify, the system is observable and controllable. [10] OR

Explain about diagonalization and also obtain the state model of the given transfer 11. function [10]

$$\frac{Y(S)}{U(S)} = \frac{5}{s^2 + 6s + 7}$$

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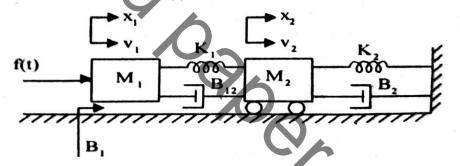
Code No: 155AR JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD B. Tech III Year I Semester Examinations, August - 2022 CONTROL SYSTEMS (Common to ECE, EIE)

Max. Marks: 75

[10+5]

Answer any five questions All questions carry equal marks

- 1.a) Explain the difference between open loop and closed loop system.
- b) Define transfer function and derive an expression for the transfer function of a closed loop system with a unity feedback. [7+8]
- 2.a) Determine transfer function $\frac{X_2(s)}{f(s)}$ for a given mechanical system shown below:



b) What is the effect of feedback?

Fime: 3 Hours

- 3.a) An experiment conducted on a servo mechanism shows the error response to be $e(t) = 1.4 e^{-4t} \sin (2.86t+43^0)$ Where the input is a sudden unit displacement. Determine the natural frequency, damping ratio and damped angular frequency of the system.
 - b) Construct Routh Array and determine the stability of the system whose characteristic equation is $S^6+2S^5+8S^4+12S^3+20S^2+16S+16=0$. Also determine the number of roots lying on right half of s-Plane, left half of s-plane and on imaginary axis. [7+8]
- 4. What is break away and break in points? A unity feedback system has on open loop transfer function $U(s) = \frac{K}{s(s^2 + 6s + 10)}$. Find its break away and break in points. [15]
- 5. Plot the bode diagram for the fallowing Transfer function and obtain the gain and phase crossover frequencies. [15]

$$G(S) = \frac{10}{s(1+0.4s)(1+0.1s)}$$

6.a) Define gain margin and phase margin. b) Explain relation between time and frequency response analysis. [5+10] 7. What is compensation? What are the different types of compensators? Explain in brief. [15] 8.a) Obtain the state transition matrix for the state model whose matrix A is given by $A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$

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b) Consider the system $\dot{X} = AX + Bu$, Y = CXWhere $A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -6 & -11 & -6 \end{bmatrix} B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} C = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

Test for controllability and observability.

[7+8]

R18 Code No: 155AR JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD B. Tech III Year I Semester Examinations, February - 2022 **CONTROL SYSTEMS** (Common to ECE, EIE) Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 75 Answer any five questions All questions carry equal marks - - -With a neat closed loop block diagram, explain automobile driving system. 1.a) Compare and contrast open loop and closed loop system. b) [8+7] With a neat closed loop block diagram explain temperature control system. 2.a) Explain the benefits of feedback system. b) [8+7] Find stability of the following system with characteristic equation using Routh Hurwitz 3. criterion [15] $2s^4 + s^3 + 3s^2 + 5s + 10 = 0$ Elucidate Root Locus techniques with suitable example. 4. [15] Draw Nyquist plot for the system having following characteristics equation. 5. [15] $Ks^{3} + (2K+1)s^{2} + (2K+5)s + 1 = 0$ Draw Bode plot for the system with the following transfer function, 6. [15] $L(s) = \frac{2500}{s(s+5)(s+50)}$ The transfer function of a lag-lead compensator is given by 7. $D(s) = \left[\frac{\tau_1 s + 1}{\beta \tau_1 s + 1}\right] \left[\frac{\tau_2 s + 1}{\alpha \tau_2 s + 1}\right]; \beta > 1, \alpha < 1, \tau_1, \tau_2 > 0$ Lag Section Lead Section Give an op amp circuit that realizes this D(s). [15] 8. A system is given by the state equation 07 г

$$\dot{\mathbf{x}} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u \; ; \; \mathbf{x}(0) = \mathbf{x}^{0}$$

Using Laplace transform technique, transform the state equations into a set of linear algebraic equations. [15]

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R18 Code No: 155AR JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD B. Tech III Year I Semester Examinations, March - 2021 **CONTROL SYSTEMS** (Common to ECE, EIE) ime: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

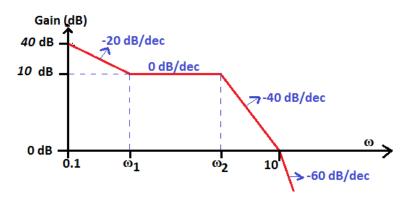
[8+7]

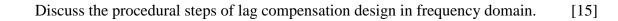
Answer any five questions All questions carry equal marks - - -

- List the differences between open loop and closed loop systems with suitable examples. 1.a)
- Obtain the transfer function $\frac{\Theta(s)}{V_{\alpha}(s)}$ for armature controlled dc servomotor. b) [8+7]
- What is meant by time response? Explain about (i) Steady- state response (ii) Transient 2.a) response.
 - Find the steady-state error for unit step, unit ramp and unit acceleration inputs for the b) following systems. i) 10/s(0.1s + 1)(0.5s + 1)ii) $1000/s^2(s+1)(s+20)$
- List the properties of root locus and sketch the root locus of the unity feedback system 3.a) with

$$G(s) = \frac{K}{s(s+2)(s^2+2s+4)}$$

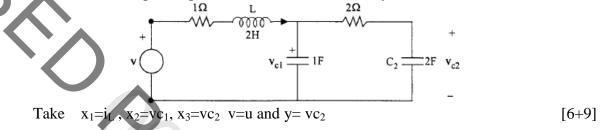
- A unity feed-back system is characterized by an open loop T.F G(s) = K/s(s+10)b) Determine the gain K so that the system will have a damping ratio of 0.5. For this value of K, determine Ts, Tp and Mp for a unit step input. [8+7]
- 4.a) Explain clearly the steps involved in the construction of Bode plots of a system with loop transfer function consisting of i) An open loop gain K ii) One pole at origin iii) One quadratic factor.
 - State and explain Nyquist Stability Criterion. b)
- 5. What is Phase Margin and gain margin? Determine the transfer function whose Bode diagram is given by





Define the terms: i) State variable ii) State transition matrix.

Obtain the state space representation of the electrical system shown below.



8.a) An LTI system is characterized by the homogeneous state equation:

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ \dot{x_2} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ \dot{x_2} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} u$$

Compute the solution of the homogeneous equation assuming the initial state vector $X_0 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$

b) The system is represented by the differential equation $\ddot{y}+5\dot{y}+6y=u$. Find the transfer from state variable representation. [8+7]

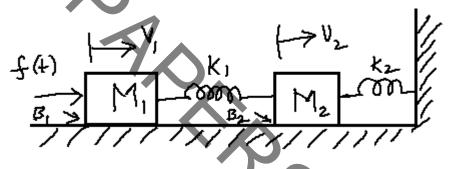
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R18 Code No: 155AR JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD B. Tech III Year I Semester Examinations, September - 2021 **CONTROL SYSTEMS** (Common to ECE, EIE) **Fime: 3 Hours**

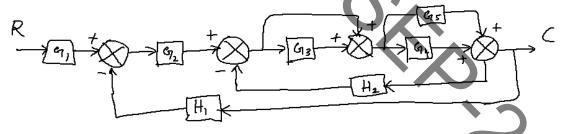
Max. Marks: 75

Answer any five questions All questions carry equal marks

- Explain the benefits of feedback in detail. 1.a)
- For the mechanical system below, derive the transfer function, f(t) is the input, where as b) V_2 is output. [6+9]



- What are the basic blocks used in mathematical modeling of rotational systems? 2.a) Explain.
 - Using block diagram algebra, determine C/R. b) [6+9]



- 3.a) Discuss about initial and final value theorems used in time response analysis.
- Using Routh criterion, determine the stability of the system whose characteristic b) [6+9] equation is given by

$$9s^5 - 20s^4 + 8s^3 - 8s^2 - 6s + 5 = 0$$

- Explain different steps involved in construction of root-loci. 4.
- How to draw bode plot? Explain. 5.a)
- Sketch the polar plot of the following transfer function. [6+9] b)

$$G(s) = \frac{10(1+s)}{(2+s)(4+s)}$$

- How to find Relative stability using Nyquist criterion? Explain. 6.a)
- Sketch the bode plot of the following open loop transfer function. b) [6+9]

$$G(s) = \frac{50(1+0.1s)}{(1+0.01s)(1+s)}$$

[15]