

NARASIMHA REDDY ENGINEERING COLLEGE

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UNIT WISE QUESTION BANK, SHORT AND LONG ANSWER TYPE QUESTIONS

Short Questions <u>UNIT-I</u>

S.No	Questions	BT	CO	PO
	Part – A (Short Answer Questions)			
1	What are the important objectives of machine learning?	L4	CO1	PO5
2	Explain find –S algorithm with given example. Give its application.	L4	CO1	PO4
3	Explain the inductive biased hypothesis space and unbiased learner	L3	CO1	PO5
4	What are the basic design issues and approaches to machine learning?	L4	CO1	PO5
5	How is Candidate Elimination algorithm different from Find-S Algorithm.	L4	CO1	PO5
6	How do you design a checkers learning problem	L4	CO1	PO4
7	Explain the various stages involved in designing a learning system	L4	CO1	PO5
8	What are the issues in Machine Learning	L5	CO1	PO5
9	Explain the concept of Inductive Bias	L3	CO1	PO4
10	What do you mean by Concept Learning?	L3	CO1	PO4

UNIT-II

S.No	Questions	BT	СО	РО						
	Part – A (Short Answer Questions)									
1	What is Artificial Neural Network?	L4	CO2	PO2						
2	What are the types of problems in which Artificial Neural Network can be applied.	L3	CO2	PO3						
3	Write a note on Representational Power of Perceptron	L3	CO2	PO2						
4	Explain the concept of a Perceptron with a neat diagram.	L4	CO2	PO2						
5	Discuss the Perceptron training rule.	L3	CO2	PO4						
6	Define Delta Rule.	L4	CO2	PO4						
7	Derive the Gradient Descent Rule.	L4	CO2	PO3						

8	Explain the importance of Stochastic Gradient Descent	L4	CO2	PO2
9	Write the algorithm for Back propagation	L4	CO2	PO3
10	What is Squashing Function?	L5	CO2	PO2

UNIT-III

S.No	Questions	BT	CO	РО
	Part – A (Short Answer Questions)			
1	Explain Brute force Bayes Concept Learning	L1	CO3	PO2
2	Define MAP hypothesis. Derive the relation for hMAP using Bayesian theorem.	L1	CO3	PO3
3	What are Consistent Learners?	L1	CO3	PO3
4	Discuss Maximum Likelihood and Least Square Error Hypothesis.	L2	CO3	PO2
5	Describe Maximum Likelihood Hypothesis for predicting probabilities.	L1	CO3	PO2
6	What is conditional Independence?	L1	CO3	PO4
7	Explain Naïve Bayes Classifier with an Example.	L1	CO3	PO4
8	Describe the k-nearest neighbor learning algorithm.	L1	CO3	PO3
9	Summarize the three lazy learning methods.	L1	CO3	PO5
10	Define radial basis functions		CO3	PO3

UNIT-IV

S.No	Questions	BT	CO	РО
	Part – A (Short Answer Questions)			
1	What is Reinforcement Learning?	L4	CO4	PO3
2	Explain the Q function and Q Learning Algorithm.	L3	CO4	PO2
3	Describe K-nearest Neighbour learning Algorithm for continues valued target function.	L5	CO4	PO2
4	Define the following terms with respect to K - Nearest Neighbour Learning : i) Regression ii) Residual iii) Kernel Function.	L5	CO4	PO4
5	Explain CADET System using Case based reasoning.	L4	CO4	PO4
6	Explain the two key difficulties that arise while estimating the Accuracy of Hypothesis.	L4	CO4	PO1
7	Explain Binomial Distribution with an example.	L5	CO4	PO3
8	What is Sequential Covering Algorithm	L3	CO4	PO3
9	Write about the Reinforcement learning model.	L5	CO4	PO3
10	Examine the Prolog-EBG.	L4	CO4	PO2

UNIT- V						
S.No	Questions	BT	CO	PO		
	Part – A (Short Answer Questions)					
1	Compare inductive and analytical learning.	L4	CO5	PO3		
2	Explain PROLOG-EGB algorithm	L3	CO5	PO2		
3	Explain features of explanation-based learning.	L4	CO5	PO2		
4	What is deductive learning?	L5	CO5	PO4		
5	Explain KBANN algorithm with an example.	L4	CO5	PO4		
6	Explain EBNN algorithm with an example.	L5	CO5	PO1		
7	Explain FOCL algorithm.	L5	CO5	PO1		
8	Write reinforcement learning algorithm characteristics.	L3	CO5	PO3		
9	Explain inductive-analytical approaches to learning.	L5	CO5	PO1		
10	Explain using prior knowledge to alter the search objective	L4	CO5	PO2		

Long Questions

<u>UNIT- I</u>

S.No			Quest	ions			BT	CO	PO
		Р	art – B (Lon	g Answer Qu	uestions)				
1	What do you	a mean by	a well–posed	l learning pro	blem?		L4	CO1	PO3
			and income	-					
2				n machine lea	-		L3	CO1	PO2
		-	-	ing. W <mark>ith</mark> exa			L4	CO1	PO
		-	ning task dete	ermines the Hy	pothesis fo	or			
	given target								
3				with respect	to General	to	L5	CO1	PO
	specific orde						T 4	001	DO
4		nd S Algor	ithm. What a	re the propert	ies and cor	nplaints	L4	CO1	PO
	of Find S.								
5	Illustrate Fin	d S Algor	ithm over En	joySport cond	ont Traini	na	L5	CO1	PO
5	instances giv	-		Joysport con	ept. main	ing	LJ	COI	10
	Example	Sky	AirTemp	Humidity	Wind	Water		- 10	- II
		Comment	Warm	NT1	Channel	537			7.10
	1	Sunny	Warm	Normal	Strong	Warm		100	
	2	Sunny		High	Strong	Warm			
	3	Rainy	Cold	High	Strong	Warm			
	4	Sunny	Warm	High	Strong	Cool			
6				Decision tree			L5	CO1	PO
		e characteri	stics of the pro	blems suited f	or decision	ree			
	learning?		2					a a 1	DO
7			of entropy and	1			L3	CO1	PO
RCM	information	gam.							

8	Discuss Hypothesis Space Search in Decision tree Learning.	L5	CO1	PO1
9	Discuss Inductive Bias in Decision Tree Learning. Differentiate between two types of biases. Why preferShort Hypotheses?	L4	CO1	PO2
10	Explain the important features that are required towell–define a learning problem.	L4	CO1	PO3

S.No **Ouestions** BT CO PO Part – B (Long Answer Questions) What is Artificial Neural Network? 1 L4 CO2 PO3 What are the types of problems in which Artificial Neural Network can 2 L3 CO2 PO2 be applied? 3 Explain the concept of a Perceptron with a neat diagram. L4 CO2 PO2 L5 PO4 4 Discuss the Perceptron training rule. CO2 Under what conditions the perceptron rule fails and it L4 5 CO2 PO4 becomes necessary to apply the delta rule What do you mean by Gradient Descent? 6 L5 CO2 PO1 What are the difficulties in applying Gradient Descent. L5 CO2 7 PO1 Write the algorithm for Back propagation L3 PO3 8 CO2 9 L5 CO2 PO1 Explain Binomial Distribution. Explain the methods for comparing the accuracy of two hypotheses. L4 10 CO2 PO2

<u>UNIT- II</u>

UNIT- III

S.No	Questions	BT	CO	PO
0.1	Part – B (Long Answer Questions)	1.2	- / -	 100
1	Explain the features of Bayesian learning methods	L4	CO3	PO3
2	Explain the features of Bayesian learning methods	L3	CO3	PO2
3	Discuss the relationship between the maximum likelihood hypothesis and the least squared error hypothesis.	L4	CO3	PO2
4	Explain Bayes optimal classifier.	L5	CO3	PO4
5	Explain Naive Bayes classifier.	L4	CO3	PO4
6	Explain EM algorithm	L5	CO3	PO1
7	Explain Probably learning an approximately correct hypothesis	L5	CO3	PO1
8	Explain sample complexity for infinite hypothesis spaces	L3	CO3	PO3
9	Explain k-nearest neighbor algorithm.	L5	CO3	PO1

10 Write about radial baisis function

L4 CO3 PO2

<u>UNIT- IV</u>

S.No	Questions	BT	CO	PO
	Part – B (Long Answer Questions)			•
1	Write about Genetic algorithms	L4	CO4	PO3
2	Explain briefly about hypothesis space search	L3	CO4	PO2
3	Describe the representation of hypotheses and genetic algorithms used in this	L4	CO4	PO2
4	Write about first order horn clauses .	L5	CO4	PO4
5	How rules are post pruned? Explain with an example	L4	CO4	PO4
6	What is Q function? Write an algorithm for learning Q.	L5	CO4	PO1
7	Explain Induction as inverted deduction	L5	CO4	PO1
8	What is temporal difference learning. Briefly Explain	L3	CO4	PO3
9	Explain generalizing from examples.	L5	CO4	PO1
10	What is generalization to dynamic programming.	L4	CO4	PO2

UNIT- V

S.No	Questions	BT	CO	PO
	Part – B (Long Answer Questions)		•	•
1	What are inductive and analytical learning problems.	L4	CO5	PO3
2	Explain PROLOG-EBG.	L3	CO5	PO2
3	Explain an algorithm for regressing a set of literals through a single horn clause.	L4	CO5	PO2
4	Describe the TANGENTPROP algorithm to train a neural network to fit both training values and training derivatives.	L5	CO5	PO4
5	Explain the Hypothesis Space Search for Inductive-Analytical Approaches to Learning	L4	CO5	PO4
6	Explain KBANN Algorithm	L5	CO5	PO1
7	Write the remarks of KBANN Algorithm	L5	CO5	PO1
8	Explain EBNN Algorithm	L3	CO5	PO3
9	Write the remarks of EBNN Algorithm	L5	CO5	PO1

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