

WORK SHEET  
UNIT-V

MCQS

**1. Job evaluation determines:**

- A) Job worth
- B) Employee age
- C) Product price
- D) Company profit

**Answer: A**

**2. Which is a job evaluation method?**

- A) Point method
- B) Forecasting
- C) Scheduling
- D) Routing

**Answer: A**

**3. Classification method groups jobs into:**

- A) Grades
- B) Departments
- C) Teams
- D) Products

**Answer: A**

**4. Factor comparison method compares:**

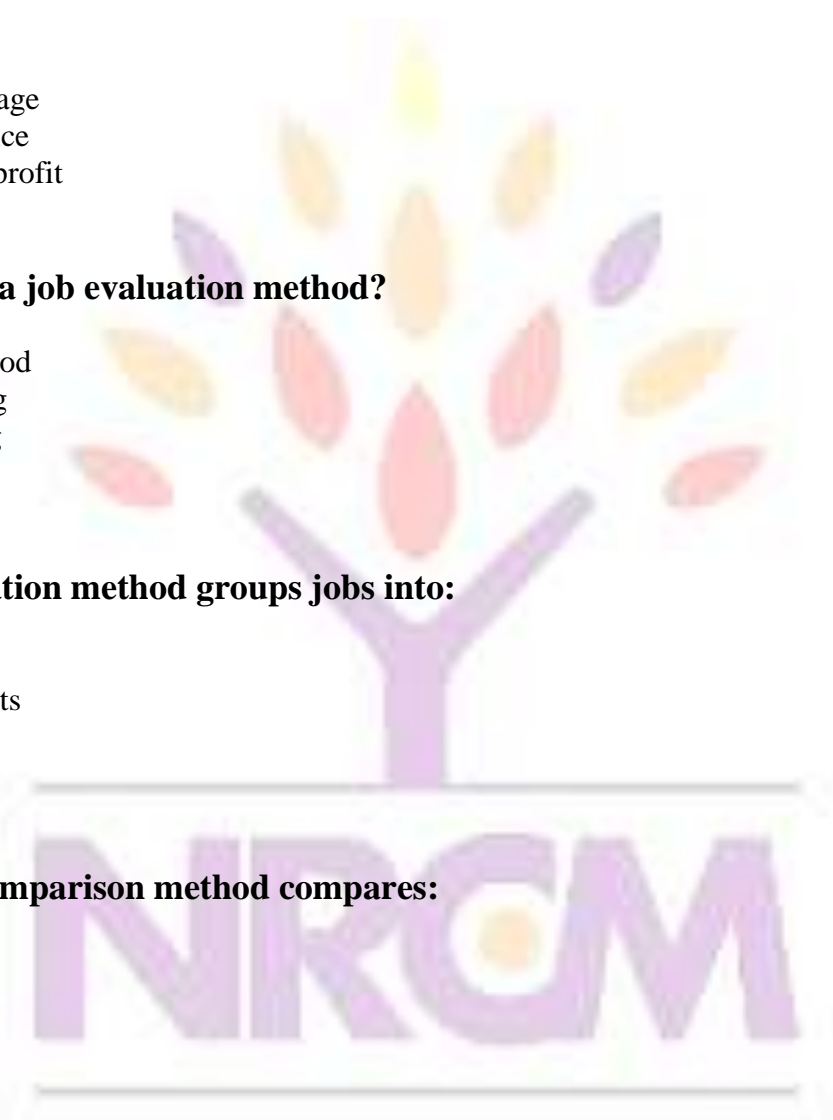
- A) Job factors
- B) Employees
- C) Machines
- D) Products

**Answer: A**

**5. Point method assigns:**

- A) Scores to job factors
- B) Salaries directly
- C) Products
- D) Departments

**Answer: A**



WORK SHEET

**6. One benefit of job evaluation is:**

- A) Fair wage structure
- B) Increased conflict
- C) Reduced productivity
- D) Higher defects

**Answer: A**

**7. PERT stands for:**

- A) Program Evaluation and Review Technique
- B) Project Evaluation and Routing Tool
- C) Production Evaluation and Review Test
- D) None of these

**Answer: A**

**8. CPM stands for:**

- A) Critical Path Method
- B) Cost Planning Method
- C) Control Project Method
- D) Critical Production Method

**Answer: A**

**9. Network analysis is used in:**

- A) Project planning
- B) Recruitment
- C) Marketing
- D) Accounting

**Answer: A**

**10. Critical path is:**

- A) Longest duration path
- B) Shortest path
- C) Cheapest path
- D) Alternate path

**Answer: A**

**11. Activities on critical path have:**

- A) Zero slack
- B) Maximum slack

WORK SHEET

- C) Negative slack
- D) Unlimited slack

**Answer: A**

**12. PERT mainly deals with:**

- A) Uncertain activity times
- B) Fixed activity times
- C) Inventory levels
- D) Sales forecasting

**Answer: A**

**13. CPM mainly focuses on:**

- A) Time-cost tradeoff
- B) Recruitment
- C) Quality control
- D) Purchasing

**Answer: A**

**14. Project crashing means:**

- A) Reducing project duration
- B) Stopping project
- C) Increasing project duration
- D) Delaying activities

**Answer: A**

**15. Probability analysis in PERT helps determine:**

- A) Chance of completing project on time
- B) Product quality
- C) Employee performance
- D) Inventory requirement

**Answer: A**

your roots to success...

WORK SHEET  
FILL IN THE BLANKS

1. Job Evaluation determines the relative \_\_\_\_\_ of jobs.  
**Answer:** worth
2. The Point Method assigns \_\_\_\_\_ to job factors.  
**Answer:** points
3. The Classification Method groups jobs into different \_\_\_\_\_.  
**Answer:** grades
4. Factor Comparison Method evaluates jobs based on compensable \_\_\_\_\_.  
**Answer:** factors
5. One major benefit of job evaluation is ensuring \_\_\_\_\_ wages.  
**Answer:** equitable
6. PERT stands for Program Evaluation and \_\_\_\_\_ Technique.  
**Answer:** Review
7. CPM stands for Critical \_\_\_\_\_ Method.  
**Answer:** Path
8. The longest path in a project network is called the \_\_\_\_\_ path.  
**Answer:** critical
9. Activities on the critical path have \_\_\_\_\_ float.  
**Answer:** zero
10. Project \_\_\_\_\_ refers to reducing project completion time by allocating additional resources.  
**Answer:** crashing



**NIRCM**

your roots to success...