



UNIT_5 Worksheet: Deliverable and Integration (MCQs)

Name: _____

Roll No.: _____

Date: _____

Multiple Choice Questions

Deliverable

1. In an ethical hacking engagement, the deliverable is typically:

- A) A software application
- B) A security assessment report
- C) A network device
- D) A firewall configuration

Answer: B

2. The primary purpose of the deliverable is to:

- A) Document findings and recommendations
- B) Increase network traffic
- C) Replace security staff
- D) Install software updates

Answer: A

3. A well-prepared deliverable should be:

- A) Clear, accurate, and actionable
- B) Complex and confusing
- C) Limited to technical details only
- D) Free of recommendations

Answer: A

4. Which section of a security report provides a high-level overview for management?

- A) Executive Summary
- B) Appendix
- C) References
- D) Glossary

Answer: A

5. The document generated after testing should contain:

- A) Findings and evidence
- B) Risk assessments
- C) Recommendations
- D) All of the above

Answer: D

6. What is the importance of the overall structure of a report?

- A) It improves readability and understanding
- B) It increases vulnerabilities
- C) It removes evidence
- D) It avoids recommendations

Answer: A



7. Aligning findings means:

- A) Relating vulnerabilities to business risks and objectives
- B) Removing vulnerabilities from the report
- C) Encrypting the report
- D) Ignoring business requirements

Answer: A

8. Which of the following should be included for each finding?

- A) Description of the vulnerability
- B) Risk level
- C) Recommendation
- D) All of the above

Answer: D

9. Why is evidence included in a penetration testing report?

- A) To support the validity of findings
- B) To increase report size
- C) To confuse readers
- D) To replace recommendations

Answer: A

10. The presentation of findings should be:

- A) Organized and understandable
- B) Unstructured and lengthy
- C) Hidden from management
- D) Limited to screenshots only

Answer: A

Integration

11. Integration of results refers to:

- A) Combining findings into the organization's security improvement process
- B) Deleting assessment data
- C) Purchasing new hardware
- D) Installing operating systems

Answer: A

12. The integration summary provides:

- A) A consolidated view of assessment outcomes
- B) Employee attendance records
- C) Software license information
- D) Network diagrams only

Answer: A

13. Mitigation involves:

- A) Reducing the likelihood or impact of identified risks
- B) Increasing vulnerabilities
- C) Ignoring security findings
- D) Removing documentation

Answer: A



14. Which of the following is an example of mitigation?

- A) Applying security patches
- B) Strengthening passwords
- C) Updating configurations
- D) All of the above

Answer: D

15. Defense planning is the process of:

- A) Developing strategies to protect systems and information assets
- B) Eliminating documentation
- C) Increasing attack opportunities
- D) Ignoring threats

Answer: A

16. Incident management focuses on:

- A) Detecting, responding to, and recovering from security incidents
- B) Marketing products
- C) Managing employee payroll
- D) Designing websites

Answer: A

17. A security policy is best described as:

- A) A set of rules and guidelines for protecting information assets
- B) A software program
- C) A hardware component
- D) A financial report

Answer: A

18. Why should security findings be integrated into security policies?

- A) To improve organizational security practices
- B) To increase operational costs
- C) To reduce system availability
- D) To avoid compliance requirements

Answer: A

19. Which of the following is a goal of defense planning?

- A) Prevent future attacks
- B) Detect threats early
- C) Improve response capabilities
- D) All of the above

Answer: D

20. Effective incident management helps organizations:

- A) Minimize damage from security incidents
- B) Increase vulnerabilities
- C) Eliminate all risks permanently
- D) Ignore security alerts

Answer: A



21. The conclusion section of a security assessment report should:

- A) Summarize findings and recommendations
- B) Introduce new vulnerabilities only
- C) Remove evidence from the report
- D) Focus only on technical details

Answer: A

22. Which stakeholder is most likely to use the executive summary?

- A) Senior Management
- B) End Users Only
- C) Customers Only
- D) Vendors Only

Answer: A

23. A remediation plan is developed to:

- A) Address identified vulnerabilities systematically
- B) Increase attack surfaces
- C) Delay corrective actions
- D) Remove security controls

Answer: A

24. Which activity occurs after integrating assessment results?

- A) Implementing security improvements
- B) Ignoring recommendations
- C) Deleting reports
- D) Conducting unrelated audits

Answer: A

25. The ultimate purpose of the deliverable and integration phases is to:

- A) Improve the organization's overall security posture
- B) Increase system vulnerabilities
- C) Reduce documentation quality
- D) Eliminate security policies

Answer: A

Score Sheet

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Instructor Signature: _____

Student Signature: _____